LEGISLATIVE REPORT

TO: Members, Commission on Ethics

FROM:

Kerrie Stillman Executive Director

DATE: January 10, 2024

In addition to bill tracking information, attached is a copy of SB 7014, the Senate Ethics and Elections Committee bill, as well as amendment #451260. Also attached is a staff analysis of the bill itself (the analysis does not include the changes set forth in the amendment). The bill, as amended, passed the Rules Committee today by a unanimous vote. Steve and I spent considerable time reviewing the bill, discussing its intent and requirements with Senate staff, providing technical input, and laying out the implementation challenges that exist for the Commission to successfully implement the policy choices in contained in the bill. The amendment filed to SB 7014 demonstrates that those concerns were considered and the amendment, in our opinion, improves the bill in that it includes language that will accomplish the policy goals without as many potential unintended consequences to the complaint process and allows additional time for us to plan strategically before the effective date. The amendment increases the number of days we have to order an investigation and increases the number of days for an investigation to 150, instead of 120. Commission staff can seek an additional 60 days to complete an investigation, if six members of the Commission agree to the extension.

The bill also contains a requirement of a vote of six members of the Commission to divert from a recommendation of the Advocate. We have some implementation concerns about how this change would impact the Commission's operations and complaint parties during probable cause hearings. There are a number of considerations and I will highlight a few here. As members of the Commission, you have a constitutional charge to uphold and strengthen the public's trust in their government, to conduct ethics investigations, and announce the findings of those investigations in public reports. There are checks and balances for Commissioners in terms of membership requirements, term limits, and confirmation processes. Requiring a vote of six members to divert from an Advocate's Recommendation essentially means the Advocates would hold more authority than five members of the Commission. This also puts a great deal of pressure on the Advocates to get it right every time, particularly in light of the fact that the Advocates will only have 15 days to file their recommendations. It shifts the locus of authority to the Advocate, who will not have the benefit of any written responses filed by the Respondent, as the Commission has before it when it considers a matter for probable cause. It is foreseeable that some recommendations will need to be rubber stamped even though a majority of seated Commissioners disagree with that recommendation. Further, there would be logistical concerns. Quorum is five. However, under the language of the bill, although the Commission could meet with five members, the Commission would not be able to hear any matters for probable cause. Those cases would need to be rescheduled. Chair Lukis spoke at the Committee meeting and shared these concerns and others with the Rules Committee before the vote. Senator Burgess, who chairs the Senate Ethics & Elections Committee indicated that they will continue to consider the issues raised by the Commission, as the bill continues through the process.

Implementing the bill in terms of complaint time frames will be challenging, but can be done, provided the Commission receives funding to hire additional staff and implement a case management system. The next stop for the bill will be consideration by the full Senate.

2024 Legislative Bills to Watch: (1/10/2024)

BILLS BEING TRACKED:

HOUSE:

HB 7005, OCSR	HB 735 Andrade	HB 601 Duggan
Financial Disclosure	Similar SB 734; Local	Complaints against law
Records exemption for	lobbyist registration	enforcement and
EFDMS login credentials		correctional officers
HB 1017 Edmonds	HB 1489 Driskell	HB 1597 Brackett
Identical SB 102	Compare HB 1017	Identical SB 7014
Compare SB 1556	Compare SB 102	Complaint timeframes;
Compare SB 1489	Compare SB 1556	membership terms; fines
Creates Prop Insurance	Creates Prop Insurance	
Comm; elected Ins Comm	Comm; elected Ins	
w/ certain post-emp	Commissioner w/ certain	
restrictions	post-emp restrictions	

SENATE:

SENATE:		
SB 102 Jones	SB 7014 Burgess	SB 734 Ingoglia
Identical HB 1017	Complaint timeframes;	Similar HB 735; Gov't
Compare HB 1489	membership terms; fines	accountability/local lobbyist
Compare SB 1556		registration
Creates Prop Insurance		
Comm; elected Ins		
Commissioner w/ certain		
post-emp restrictions		
SB 1556 Davis		
Compare HB 1017		
Compare SB 102		
Compare HB 1489		
Creates Prop Insurance		
Comm; elected Ins		
Commissioner w/ certain		
post-emp restrictions		

HOUSE BILLS:

HB 7005 OGSR/Financial Disclosure Public Records Exemption by House Ethics Elections & Open Government Committee Preserves public records exemption for logon credentials and certain other information entered into EFDMS

11/17/2023 HOUSE Filed

11/30/2023 H Referred to State Affairs Committee

Now in State Affairs Committee

HB 735: Government Accountability GENERAL BILL by Andrade

Government Accountability; Prohibits individuals from soliciting or accepting anything of value from foreign country of concern; prohibits person from lobbying county, municipality, or special district unless registered as lobbyist; establishes requirements for registration, compliance, investigations, & registration fees; prohibits entities from renewing or extending employment contracts during specified timeframe; requires specified number of members of governing body to be physically present at meeting for quorum purposes; authorizes members to participate in deliberations of governing body through technology.

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

12/5/2023 HOUSE Filed

12/19/2023 H Referred to Local Administration, Federal Affairs &

Special Districts Subcommittee

Referred to Ethics, Elections & Open Government Subcommittee

Referred to State Affairs Committee

Now in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts

Subcommittee

HB 601: Complaints Against Law Enforcement and Correctional Officers GENERAL BILL by Duggan; (CO-INTRODUCERS) Black

Complaints Against Law Enforcement and Correctional Officers; Preempts regulation of complaints against law enforcement officers & correctional officers to state.

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

11/21/2023 HOUSE Filed

11/30/2023 H Referred to Criminal Justice Subcommittee

Referred to Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special

Districts Subcommittee

Referred to Judiciary Committee Now in Criminal Justice Subcommittee

1/8/2024 H Added to Criminal Justice Subcommittee agenda

HB 1017: Insurance

GENERAL BILL by Edmonds

Insurance; Creates Property Insurance Commission; provides powers & duties of commission & election of Commissioner of Insurance Regulation; prohibits commissioner from engaging in certain activities or employment after leaving office; requires interest earned on insurance proceeds be paid to insureds; specifies condition on insurance activities engaged in within this state by person who engages in property insurance activities in another state; prohibits property insurers from using certain defenses for denial of claims; requires DFS to adopt rules regarding its handling of allegations of insurance fraud made by insurers or their employees or contractors; specifies appropriations for My Safe Florida Home Program. APPROPRIATION: \$300,000,000

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

12/22/2023 HOUSE Filed

1/8/2024 H Referred to Insurance & Banking Subcommittee

Referred to Appropriations Committee Referred to Commerce Committee Now in Insurance & Banking Subcommittee

HB 1489: Insurance

GENERAL BILL by Driskell

Insurance; Creates Property Insurance Commission; provides powers & duties of commission; provides for election of Commissioner of Insurance Regulation; prohibits commissioner from engaging in certain activities or employment for specified period after leaving office; requires interest earned on insurance proceeds received by mortgagees & assignees to be paid to insureds; prohibits property insurers from claiming insolvency; authorizes persons who engage in property insurance activities in other states to engage in insurance activities in this state; prohibits property insurers from using certain defenses as claims denials; requires insurance agents to advise insurance applicants of flood risk; requires OPPAGA to conduct study of effectiveness of property insurance mediation program; increases appropriation to My Safe Florida Home Program; provides effective date. APPROPRIATION: \$300,000,000

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

1/8/2024 HOUSE Filed

HB 1597: Ethics

GENERAL BILL by Brackett

Ethics; Revises and provides requirements relating to the Code of Ethics, including lobbying by public officer, Commission on Ethics membership, & procedures & timeframes for investigation & reports of complaints or referrals of violations of code.

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

1/8/2024 HOUSE Filed

1/9/2024 H 1st Reading (Original Filed Version)

SENATE BILLS:

SB 102: Financial Disclosures for Local Officers General Bill by Jones

Property Insurance; Creating the Property Insurance Commission; providing for the election of the Commissioner of Insurance Regulation; prohibiting the commissioner from engaging in certain activities or employment for a specified period after leaving office; prohibiting property insurers from claiming insolvency under specified circumstances; requiring residential property insurers to release specified information to insureds upon request, etc. APPROPRIATION: \$300,000,000

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

10/4/2023 SENATE Filed

10/17/2023 S Referred to Banking and Insurance; Ethics and Elections;

Appropriations

1/9/2024 S Introduced

SB 7014: Ethics

GENERAL BILL by Ethics and Elections

Ethics; Increasing the maximum fine for violations of specified lobbying provisions; prohibiting a member of the Commission on Ethics from serving more than two full terms, instead of two full terms in succession; requiring the commission to submit a copy of a certain referral to an alleged violator within a specified timeframe; authorizing an investigation that must be completed within

a specified timeframe if a specified number of commissioners determines further investigation is necessary, etc.

Effective Date: 7/1/2024 Submitted for consideration by Ethics and Elections 12/4/2023 SENATE On Committee agenda-- Ethics and Elections, 12/13/23, 8:30 am, 110 Senate Building Submitted as Committee Bill and Reported 12/13/2023 S Favorably by Ethics and Elections; YEAS 7 NAYS 1 Filed Referred to Rules 12/14/2023 S On Committee agenda-- Rules, 01/10/24, 1:00 pm, 412 1/5/2024 S Knott Building 1/9/2024 S Introduced

SB 734: Government Accountability GENERAL BILL by Ingoglia

Government Accountability; Prohibiting specified individuals from soliciting or accepting anything of value from a foreign country of concern; prohibiting a person from lobbying a county, municipality, or special district unless he or she is registered as a lobbyist; requiring a Commission on Ethics and Public Trust established by a county or municipality or the Commission on Ethics to investigate a lobbyist or principal upon receipt of a sworn complaint containing certain allegations; prohibiting the governing body of a county from renewing or extending the employment contract of a county administrator during a specified timeframe; prohibiting a district school board from renewing or extending the employment contract of a district school superintendent during a specified timeframe, etc.

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

12/6/2023 SENATE Filed

12/15/2023 S Referred to Community Affairs; Ethics and Elections; Rules

1/9/2024 S Introduced

SB 1556: Insurance

GENERAL BILL by Davis

Insurance; Creating the Property Insurance Commission; providing membership of the commission; providing for the election of the Commissioner of Insurance Regulation; requiring that interest earned on insurance proceeds received by mortgagees and assignees be paid to insureds; prohibiting property insurers from claiming insolvency under specified circumstances; prohibiting property insurers from using specified factors as a defense for denial of a claim, etc. APPROPRIATION: \$300,000,000

Effective Date: 7/1/2024

1/5/2024 SENATE Filed

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

-	Prep	ared By	The Professiona	al Staff of the Comr	mittee on Rules
BILL:	SB 7014				
INTRODUCER:	Ethics and Ele	ections	Committee		
SUBJECT:	Ethics				
DATE:	January 9, 202	24	REVISED:		
ANAL Cleary	YST	STAF Robert	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION EE Submitted as Comm. Bill/Fav
1. Cleary		Twogo		RC	Pre-meeting

I. Summary:

SB 7014 creates timeframes for completion of investigations of alleged ethics violations conducted by the Commission on Ethics (commission) and:

- Creates a harmless error standard for failure to meet the deadlines;
- Tolls the timeframes until resolution of any related criminal cases; and
- Provides that the timeframes will apply to existing and new cases.

The proposed bill also:

- Conforms the maximum civil penalty for a violation of the constitutional prohibition against lobbying by a public officer to those for other violations of ethics laws;
- Provides that terms of commission members are limited to two total, rather than two successive;
- Adds candidates for public office to the categories of persons authorized to recover costs and attorney fees for defending against a maliciously filed ethics complaint;
- Requires a vote of six commission members to reject or deviate from a recommendation of counsel to the commission; and
- Removes the commission's ability to conduct a formal hearing to determine disputed material facts.

The proposed bill takes effect July 1, 2024.

II. Present Situation:

Commission on Ethics

The Commission on Ethics was created by the Legislature in 1974 "to serve as guardian of the standards of conduct" for state and local public officials and employees. The Florida Constitution and state law designate the commission as the independent commission provided for in s. 8(g), Art. II of the Florida Constitution. Constitutional duties of the commission consist of conducting investigations and making public reports on all breach of trust complaints towards public officers or employees not governed by the judicial qualifications commission. In addition to constitutional duties, the commission in part:

- Renders advisory opinions to public officials;⁴
- Conducts investigations into potential violations of the Code of Ethics or Florida Constitution based on referrals from select government agencies;⁵
- Makes recommendations to disciplinary officials when appropriate for violations of ethics and disclosure laws:⁶
- Administers the executive branch lobbying registration and reporting Laws;⁷
- Maintains financial disclosure filings of constitutional officers and state officers and employees;⁸ and
- Administers automatic fines for public officers and employees who fail to timely file a required annual financial disclosure.⁹

Current law prescribes requirements for commission members and specifies that a member may not serve more than two full terms in succession.¹⁰

Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees

The Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees (Code of Ethics)¹¹ establishes ethical standards for public officials and is intended to "ensure that public officials conduct themselves independently and impartially, not using their office for private gain other than compensation provided by law."¹² The Code of Ethics pertains to various ethical issues, such as ethics trainings, voting conflicts, full and public disclosure of financial interests, standards of conduct,

¹ Florida Commission on Ethics, Guide to the Sunshine Amendment and Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees, available at http://www.ethics.state.fl.us/Documents/Publications/GuideBookletInternet.pdf (last visited December 13, 2023).

² Section 8(j)(3), art. II, Fla. Const.; s. 112.320, F.S.

³ Section (8)(g), art. II, Fla. Const.

⁴ Section 112.322(3)(a), F.S.

⁵ Section 112.324(1)(b), F.S.

⁶ Section 112.322(2)(b), F.S.

⁷ Sections 112.3215, 112.32155, F.S.

⁸ Section 112.3144, F.S.

⁹ Section 112.3144, F.S.; s. 112.3145, F.S.; s. 112.31455, F.S.

¹⁰ Section 112.321(1), F.S.

¹¹ See Pt. III, Ch. 112, F.S.; see also Art. II, s. 8(h)1, Fla. Const.

¹² Florida Commission on Ethics, *Guide to the Sunshine Amendment and Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees, available at* http://www.ethics.state.fl.us/Documents/Publications/GuideBookletInternet.pdf (last visited December 13, 2023).

investigations and prosecutions of ethics complaints and referrals for alleged ethics violations, and the commission, among others. 13

Procedures on Complaints and Violations

Current law requires the commission to investigate alleged violations of the Code of Ethics upon receipt of a written complaint executed on a form prescribed by the commission and signed under oath or affirmation by any person, or upon receipt of a written referral of a possible violation from the Governor, the Department of Law Enforcement, a State Attorney, or a United States Attorney. Within 5 days after receipt of a complaint by the commission or a determination by at least six members of the commission that the referral received is deemed sufficient, the commission must transmit a copy to the alleged violator. 15

Upon determination of legal sufficiency of a complaint or referral, the commission must undertake a preliminary investigation. ¹⁶ The commission begins the preliminary investigation with issuance of an order to investigate. ¹⁷ After the commission's investigator completes his or her initial investigation, he or she writes an investigatory report ¹⁸ and mails the report to the alleged violator and to an advocate in the Attorney General's office, who serves as counsel for the commission. ¹⁹ The alleged violator is given 14 days from the mailing of the investigator's report to respond to the report. ²⁰ Upon receipt of the investigatory report, the advocate must make a written probable cause recommendation to the commission. ²¹ A copy of the advocate's recommendation must be furnished to the alleged violator, and the alleged violator has 7 days from the date of mailing of the advocate's recommendation to provide a written response for the commission's consideration. ²²

The commission then schedules a probable cause hearing, which is held during an executive session of the commission.²³ The commission must send notice to the parties at least 14 days prior to the hearing.²⁴

If the commission does not find probable cause that the alleged violations were committed, the complaint is dismissed.²⁵ The commission may order additional investigation if it is deemed necessary.²⁶ If the commission finds probable cause, it then provides written notice to the alleged violator of the probable cause finding and of the scheduling of a public hearing.²⁷

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13 See Pt. III, Ch. 112, F.S.
14 Section 112.324(1), F.S.
15 Id.
16 Section 112.324(3), F.S.
17 Rule 34-5.002(2), F.A.C.; r. 34-17.005(2), F.A.C.
18 Rule 34-5.004(7), F.A.C.; r. 34-17.008(6), F.A.C.
19 Rule 34-5.006(1)(3), F.A.C.; r. 34-17.010(1)(3), F.A.C.;
20 Rule 34-5.006(2), F.A.C.; r. 34-17.010(2), F.A.C.
21 Rule 34-5.006(3), F.A.C; r. 34-17.010(3), F.A.C.
22 Id.
23 Rule 34-5.006(4), F.A.C.; r. 34-17.010(4), F.A.C.
24 Id.
25 Section 112.324(3), F.S.
26 Id.
27 Id.
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The alleged violator may at any time during the subsequent proceedings negotiate a settlement with the commission via the advocate.²⁸ The alleged violator also has the option to dispute material facts and request a formal hearing or to request an informal hearing and present mitigating circumstances.²⁹

The commission may conduct a formal hearing itself or transfer the case to the Division of Administrative Hearings (DOAH) for formal hearing.³⁰ An informal hearing is always conducted by the commission.³¹ If the commission conducts a hearing, it subsequently issues a Final Order recommending a penalty.³² If an administrative law judge at DOAH conducts a formal hearing, the judge issues a Recommended Order to the commission.³³ Jurisdiction may be relinquished back to the commission from the DOAH at the request of the commission or if a judge determines there are no disputed material facts.³⁴

The commission may dismiss any complaint or referral at any stage of disposition if it determines that the violation alleged is a *de minimis* violation attributable to inadvertent or unintentional error.³⁵ The commission may, at its discretion, dismiss any complaint at any stage of disposition should it determine that the public would not be served by proceeding further, in which case the commission must issue a public report stating with particularity its reasons for dismissal.³⁶

Penalty Provisions

The general penalty provisions for violations of the Code of Ethics are located in s. 112.317, F.S., and prescribe, among other penalties, a maximum civil penalty of \$20,000 per violation.³⁷ During the 2023 legislative session, the Legislature increased that penalty to \$20,000 from \$10,000 at the request of the commission.³⁸

The law provides separate penalties for violations of the constitutional prohibition against lobbying by a public officer.³⁹ Among other penalties, the prescribed maximum civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition is \$10,000.⁴⁰

²⁸ *Id*.

²⁹ Id.

³⁰ Rule 34-5.010, F.A.C.; r. 34-17.013, F.A.C. See s. 120.569(2), F.S.; s. 120.57(1), F.S.

³¹ Rule 34-5.010, F.A.C.; r. 34-17.013, F.A.C.; See s. 120.569(1), F.S.; s. 120.57(2), F.S.

The commission is without jurisdiction to impose a penalty or enter into a stipulation or settlement which imposes penalty (s. 112.324(3), F.S.). Penalties must be imposed only by the appropriate disciplinary authority designated by s. 112.324, F.S.

³³ Rule 34-5.024(1), F.A.C.; r. 34-17.018(1); F.A.C.; See also s. 120.57(1)(k), F.S.; r. 28-106.216, F.A.C.

³⁴ Section 120.57(1)(i), F.S.

³⁵ Section 112.324(11), F.S. A *de minimis* violation is any violation that is unintentional and not material in nature.

³⁶ Section 112.324(12), F.S. In order for the commission to dismiss a complaint under this provision, it must find that the public interest would not be served by proceeding further and must issue a public report explaining its justification for dismissal. In contrast, to dismiss a violation for being *de minimis*, the commission must find that the violation was unintentional and not material in nature.

³⁷ Section 112.317(1)(a)6., F.S. The commission is without jurisdiction to impose any penalty, but may make recommendations for an appropriate penalty to the appropriate disciplinary authority charged with imposing penalties as designated under the procedures of s. 112.324(3), F.S.

³⁸ Section 7, ch. 2023-49.

³⁹ Section 112.3122, F.S.

⁴⁰ Section 12.3122(4)(b), F.S.

Redress for Defense against a Maliciously Filed Complaint

Current law entitles a public officer or employee who is the subject of a maliciously filed ethics complaint to seek from the complainant the costs and attorney fees related to the public officer or employee's defense against the complaint.⁴¹ The law does not include *candidates* for public office in the categories of persons who may seek such redress.⁴²

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 7014 creates the following statutory timeframes for completion of investigations of alleged ethics violations conducted by the commission:

- Requires the commission to complete the preliminary investigation, which concludes with the probable cause determination, no later than 1 year after the beginning of the preliminary investigation.
- Requires the commission to determine technical sufficiency of a complaint within 5 days of receipt and legal sufficiency within 21 days of receipt, and requires the commission to determine technical and legal sufficiency of a referral at its next meeting.
- Creates a 60-day deadline from the date of the commission's receipt of an initial complaint for the complainant to file an amended complaint.
- Requires an investigatory report to be completed no later than 120 days after issuance of the order to investigate.
- Requires an investigatory report be provided to the alleged violator and advocate no later than 5 days after completion of the report.
- Requires the advocate to make a written probable cause recommendation to the commission no later than 15 days after receiving an investigatory report.
- Requires the commission to provide the advocate's recommendation to the alleged violator no later than 5 days after its completion.
- Requires the alleged violator be given 14 days to respond in writing after the mailing date of the advocate's recommendation.
- Requires the commission, upon receipt of the advocate's recommendation, to schedule the probable cause hearing for the next executive session if notice requirements can be met.
- Limits an order of additional investigation at a probable cause hearing to 60 days, if six commission members approve, and requires the commission to document the reasons for extension during the hearing.
- Requires the commission to provide written notification of the probable cause determination to the complainant and the alleged violator no later than 5 days after the date of the probable cause determination.
- Requires the commission to conduct an informal hearing no later than 75 days after the date of the probable cause determination.
- If jurisdiction of a case is relinquished back from the DOAH without a Recommended Order, requires the commission to take up the case at its next meeting and to complete final action on the case no later than 30 days after that meeting.

⁴¹ Section 112.317(7), F.S.

⁴² *Id*.

Page 6 **BILL: SB 7014**

The proposed bill specifies the following implementing provisions related to the new timeframes:

- A failure of the commission to comply with the new timeframes constitutes harmless error in any related disciplinary action unless a court finds that the fairness of the proceedings or the correctness of an action may have been impaired by a material error in procedure or a failure to follow prescribed procedure.
- The timeframes are tolled pending resolution of a related criminal complaint.
- The timeframes apply to existing and new cases.

The proposed bill also:

- Conforms the maximum civil penalty for a violation of the constitutional prohibition against lobbying by a public officer to those for other violations of ethics laws.
- Provides that terms of commission members are limited to two total, rather than two successive.
- Adds candidates for public office to the categories of persons authorized to recover costs and

IV.

None.

 Rocco Rocm M 	 attorney fees for defending against a maliciously filed ethics complaint. Requires a vote of six commission members to reject or deviate from a recommendation of counsel to the commission. Removes the commission's ability to conduct a formal hearing to determine disputed material facts. Makes technical changes, removing obsolete language. The proposed bill takes effect July 1, 2024.			
•	stitutional Issues:			
A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:			
	None.			
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:			
	None.			
C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:			
	None.			
D.	State Tax or Fee Increases:			
	None.			
E.	Other Constitutional Issues:			

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The provisions of the proposed bill will require implementation by the commission, including potential rulemaking, revision of internal policies and procedures, and development of a case tracking process.

The timeframes for complaint resolution may reduce costs to investigate and prosecute ethics violations by preventing unnecessary delays.

Because the commission currently refers all cases for which a formal hearing is to be conducted to the DOAH, the proposed bill's removal of the commission's authority to conduct formal hearings is not likely to increase the commission's DOAH costs.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 112.3122, 112.321, 112.317, and 112.324.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

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By the Committee on Ethics and Elections

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to ethics; amending s. 112.3122, F.S.; increasing the maximum fine for violations of specified lobbying provisions; amending s. 112.321, F.S.; prohibiting a member of the Commission on Ethics from serving more than two full terms, instead of two full terms in succession; making technical changes; deleting obsolete language; amending s. 112.317, F.S.; providing that a complainant is liable for costs plus reasonable attorney fees for filing a complaint with malicious intent against a candidate for public office; amending s. 112.324, F.S.; requiring the commission to submit a copy of a certain referral to an alleged violator within a specified timeframe; specifying that complaints and referrals must be technically, in addition to legally, sufficient for the commission to undertake a preliminary investigation and make a certain determination; authorizing a complainant to submit an amended complaint within a specified timeframe; providing that the probable cause determination concludes the preliminary investigation; requiring the commission to complete a preliminary investigation, including a probable cause determination, within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission to determine technical and legal sufficiency of complaints and referrals within specified timeframes and issue an order to investigate under a specified condition; requiring that the commission complete an

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investigatory report within a specified timeframe and provide a copy of the completed report to an alleged violator and counsel for the commission within a specified timeframe; requiring counsel for the commission to make a written recommendation for disposition of a complaint within a specified timeframe after receiving the investigatory report; requiring that the commission provide such recommendation to the violator within a specified timeframe; providing that the alleged violator has a specified timeframe to respond in writing to the counsel's recommendation; requiring the commission, upon receipt of the counsel's recommendation, to schedule a probable cause hearing for the next executive session of the commission if specified conditions are met; providing that, under specified conditions, the commission may dismiss complaints or referrals before completion of a preliminary investigation; providing a timeframe within which the commission must notify a complainant and an alleged violator after a finding of probable cause; specifying that an alleged violator is entitled to request a hearing before the Division of Administrative Hearings or may select an informal hearing with the commission; authorizing an investigation that must be completed within a specified timeframe if a specified number of commissioners determines further investigation is necessary; requiring the commission to document the reasons for ordering such investigation; providing the 582-01858-24 20247014__

timeframe within which the commission must conduct an informal hearing; requiring the commission to schedule a case that has been relinquished from the Division of Administrative Hearings for additional action at the next commission meeting; requiring the commission to complete final action on such case within a specified timeframe; requiring a specified number of commissioners to vote to reject or deviate from a recommendation made by counsel; providing that specified timeframes are tolled until the completion of a related criminal investigation or prosecution, excluding appeals, whichever occurs later; providing that a harmless error standard applies to the commission regarding specified timeframes; providing that specified timeframes apply retroactively and prospectively; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 112.3122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

80 81 112.3122 Enforcement and penalties for constitutional prohibition against lobbying by a public officer.—

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(4) A violation of s. 8(f), Art. II of the State Constitution may be punished by one or more of the following:

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(b) A civil penalty not to exceed $\frac{$20,000}{}$ $\frac{$10,000}{}$. Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 112.321, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

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112.321 Membership, terms; travel expenses; staff.-

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582-01858-24 20247014__

(1) The commission shall be composed of nine members. Five of these members shall be appointed by the Governor, no more than three of whom shall be from the same political party, subject to confirmation by the Senate. One member appointed by the Governor shall be a former city or county official and may be a former member of a local planning or zoning board which has only advisory duties. Two members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and two members shall be appointed by the President of the Senate. Neither the Speaker of the House of Representatives nor the President of the Senate shall appoint more than one member from the same political party. Of the nine members of the Commission, no more than five members shall be from the same political party at any one time. A No member may not hold any public employment. An individual who qualifies as a lobbyist pursuant to s. 11.045 or s. 112.3215 or pursuant to any local government charter or ordinance may not serve as a member of the commission, except that this prohibition does not apply to an individual who is a member of the commission on July 1, 2006, until the expiration of his or her current term. A member of the commission may not lobby any state or local governmental entity as provided in s. 11.045 or s. 112.3215 or as provided by any local government charter or ordinance, except that this prohibition does not apply to an individual who is a member of the commission on July 1, 2006, until the expiration of his or her current term. All members shall serve 2-year terms. A member may not serve more than two full terms in succession. Any member of the commission may be removed for cause by majority vote of the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

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582-01858-24 20247014___

Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 112.317, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.317 Penalties.-

(7) In any case in which the commission determines that a person has filed a complaint against a public officer or employee or a candidate for public office with a malicious intent to injure the reputation of such officer or employee or candidate by filing the complaint with knowledge that the complaint contains one or more false allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the complaint contains false allegations of fact material to a violation of this part, the complainant shall be liable for costs plus reasonable attorney fees incurred in the defense of the person complained against, including the costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred in proving entitlement to and the amount of costs and fees. If the complainant fails to pay such costs and fees voluntarily within 30 days following such finding by the commission, the commission shall forward such information to the Department of Legal Affairs, which shall bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of such costs and fees awarded by the commission.

Section 4. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 112.324, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

112.324 Procedures on complaints of violations and referrals; public records and meeting exemptions.—

(1) The commission shall investigate an alleged violation of this part or other alleged breach of the public trust within the jurisdiction of the commission as provided in s. 8(f), Art.

582-01858-24 20247014___

II of the State Constitution:

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- (a) Upon a written complaint executed on a form prescribed by the commission and signed under oath or affirmation by any person; or
- (b) Upon receipt of a written referral of a possible violation of this part or other possible breach of the public trust from the Governor, the Department of Law Enforcement, a state attorney, or a United States Attorney which at least six members of the commission determine is sufficient to indicate a violation of this part or any other breach of the public trust.

Within 5 days after receipt of a complaint <u>or referral</u> by the commission or a determination by at least six members of the commission that the referral received is deemed sufficient, a copy must shall be transmitted to the alleged violator.

- (3) (a) A preliminary investigation <u>must</u> shall be undertaken by the commission of each <u>technically</u> and legally sufficient complaint or referral over which the commission has jurisdiction to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. A complainant may submit an amended complaint up to 60 days after the commission receives the <u>initial</u> complaint. The probable cause determination is the conclusion of the preliminary investigation. The commission shall complete the preliminary investigation, including the probable cause determination, no later than 1 year after the beginning of the preliminary investigation.
- (b) The commission shall make a determination as to whether a complaint is technically sufficient no later than 5 days after receiving the complaint. The commission shall make a

582-01858-24 20247014___

determination as to whether a complaint is legally sufficient no later than 21 days after receiving the complaint. The commission shall make a determination as to whether a referral is technically and legally sufficient at its next meeting.

- (c) If the commission determines a complaint or referral is technically and legally sufficient, it must issue an order to investigate. An investigatory report must be completed no later than 120 days after the beginning of the preliminary investigation and must be provided to the alleged violator and to counsel for the commission no later than 5 days after completion of the report. The counsel for the commission shall make a written recommendation to the commission for the disposition of the complaint or referral no later than 15 days after he or she receives the completed investigatory report. The commission shall provide the counsel's written recommendation to the alleged violator no later than 5 days after its completion. The alleged violator has 14 days to respond in writing after the mailing date of the counsel's recommendation.
- (d) Upon receipt of the counsel's recommendation, the commission must schedule a probable cause hearing for the next executive session of the commission if notice requirements can be met.
- (e) If, upon completion of the preliminary investigation, the commission finds no probable cause to believe that this part has been violated, or that no any other breach of the public trust has been committed, the commission must shall dismiss the complaint or referral with the issuance of a public report to the complainant and the alleged violator, stating with particularity its reasons for dismissal. At that time, the

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582-01858-24 20247014___

complaint or referral and all materials relating to the complaint or referral shall become a matter of public record.

(f) If the commission finds from the preliminary investigation probable cause to believe that this part has been violated or that any other breach of the public trust has been committed, it must shall so notify the complainant and the alleged violator in writing no later than 5 days after the date of the probable cause determination. Such notification and all documents made or received in the disposition of the complaint or referral shall then become public records. Upon request submitted to the commission in writing, any person who the commission finds probable cause to believe has violated any provision of this part or has committed any other breach of the public trust is shall be entitled to a public hearing and may elect to have a formal administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge in the Division of Administrative Hearings. If the person does not elect to have a formal administrative hearing by an administrative law judge, the person is entitled to an informal hearing conducted before the commission. Such person is shall be deemed to have waived the right to a public hearing if the request is not received within 14 days following the mailing date of the probable cause notification required by this paragraph subsection. However, the commission may, on its own motion, require a public hearing.,

(g) At a probable cause hearing, if at least six members of the commission determine may conduct such further investigation is necessary, the investigation may be ordered, and such investigation may not exceed a period of 60 days as it deems necessary. During the probable cause hearing, the commission

582-01858-24 20247014__

233 <u>must document the reasons for ordering the additional</u> 234 investigation.

- (h) If the commission conducts an informal hearing, it must do so no later than 75 days after the date of the probable cause determination.
- (i) If the commission refers a case to the Division of Administrative Hearings for a formal hearing and subsequently requests that the case be relinquished back to the commission, or if the administrative law judge assigned to the case relinquishes jurisdiction back to the commission before a recommended order is entered, the commission must schedule the case for additional action at the next commission meeting and must complete final action on the case no later than 30 days after the date of that commission meeting.
- (j) The commission, and may enter into such stipulations and settlements as it finds to be just and in the best interest of the state. The commission is without jurisdiction to, and no respondent may voluntarily or involuntarily, enter into a stipulation or settlement which imposes any penalty, including, but not limited to, a sanction or admonition or any other penalty contained in s. 112.317. Penalties may shall be imposed only by the appropriate disciplinary authority as designated in this section.
- (k) At least six members of the commission must vote to reject or deviate from a recommendation of counsel to the commission.
- (1) If a criminal complaint related to an investigation pursuant to this section is filed, the timeframes in this subsection are tolled until completion of the criminal

	582-01858-24 20247014
262	investigation or prosecution, excluding any appeals from such
263	prosecution, whichever occurs later.
264	(m) The failure of the commission to comply with the time
265	limits provided in this subsection constitutes harmless error in
266	any related disciplinary action unless a court finds that the
267	fairness of the proceedings or the correctness of an action may
268	have been impaired by a material error in procedure or a failure
269	to follow prescribed procedure.
270	(n) The timeframes provided in this subsection apply to
271	complaints and referrals submitted to the commission before, on,
272	or after July 1, 2024.
773	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION
	Senate . House
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	The Committee on Rules (Burgess) recommended the following:
1	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
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3	Delete lines 153 - 273
4	and insert:
5	state attorney, or a United States Attorney which at least six
6	members of the commission determine is sufficient to indicate a
7	violation of this part or any other breach of the public trust.
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9	Within 5 days after receipt of a complaint or referral by the
10	commission or a determination by at least six members of the
11	commission that the referral received is deemed sufficient, a

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copy must shall be transmitted to the alleged violator.

(3)(a) A preliminary investigation must shall be undertaken by the commission within 30 days after its receipt of each technically and legally sufficient complaint or referral over which the commission has jurisdiction to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. A complainant may submit an amended complaint up to 60 days after the commission receives the initial complaint. The probable cause determination is the conclusion of the preliminary investigation. The commission shall complete the preliminary investigation, including the probable cause determination, no later than 1 year after the beginning of the preliminary investigation.

(b) An investigatory report must be completed no later than 150 days after the beginning of the preliminary investigation. If, at any one meeting of the commission held during a given preliminary investigation, at least six members of the commission determine that additional time is necessary to adequately complete such investigation, the commission may extend the timeframe to complete the preliminary investigation by no more than 60 days. During such meeting, the commission shall document its reasons for extending the investigation and transmit a copy of such documentation to the alleged violator and complainant no later than 5 days after the extension is ordered. The investigatory report must be transmitted to the alleged violator and to the counsel representing the commission no later than 5 days after completion of the report. The counsel representing the commission shall make a written recommendation to the commission for the disposition of the complaint or

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referral no later than 15 days after he or she receives the completed investigatory report. The commission shall transmit the counsel's written recommendation to the alleged violator no later than 5 days after its completion. The alleged violator has 14 days after the mailing date of the counsel's recommendation to respond in writing to the recommendation.

- (c) Upon receipt of the counsel's recommendation, the commission shall schedule a probable cause hearing for the next executive session of the commission for which notice requirements can be met.
- (d) If, upon completion of the preliminary investigation, the commission finds no probable cause to believe that this part has been violated, or that no any other breach of the public trust has been committed, the commission must shall dismiss the complaint or referral with the issuance of a public report to the complainant and the alleged violator, stating with particularity its reasons for dismissal. At that time, the complaint or referral and all materials relating to the complaint or referral shall become a matter of public record.
- (e) If the commission finds from the preliminary investigation probable cause to believe that this part has been violated or that any other breach of the public trust has been committed, it must transmit a copy of the order finding probable cause to shall so notify the complainant and the alleged violator in writing no later than 5 days after the date of the probable cause determination. Such notification and all documents made or received in the disposition of the complaint or referral shall then become public records. Upon request submitted to the commission in writing, any person who the

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commission finds probable cause to believe has violated any provision of this part or has committed any other breach of the public trust is shall be entitled to a public hearing and may elect to have a formal administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge in the Division of Administrative Hearings. If the person does not elect to have a formal administrative hearing by an administrative law judge, the person is entitled to an informal hearing conducted before the commission. Such person is shall be deemed to have waived the right to a formal or an informal public hearing if the request is not received within 14 days following the mailing date of the probable cause notification required by this paragraph subsection. However, the commission may, on its own motion, require a public hearing.

- (f) If the commission conducts an informal hearing, it must be held no later than 75 days after the date of the probable cause determination.
- (g) If the commission refers a case to the Division of Administrative Hearings for a formal hearing and subsequently requests that the case be relinquished back to the commission, or if the administrative law judge assigned to the case relinguishes jurisdiction back to the commission before a recommended order is entered, the commission must schedule the case for additional action at the next commission meeting for which notice requirements can be met. At the next subsequent commission meeting, the commission must complete final action on such case.
- (h) The commission, may conduct such further investigation as it deems necessary, and may enter into such stipulations and

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settlements as it finds to be just and in the best interest of the state. The commission is without jurisdiction to, and no respondent may voluntarily or involuntarily, enter into a stipulation or settlement which imposes any penalty, including, but not limited to, a sanction or admonition or any other penalty contained in s. 112.317. Penalties may shall be imposed only by the appropriate disciplinary authority as designated in this section. (i) At least six members of the commission must vote to reject or deviate from a recommendation of the counsel representing the commission. (j) If a criminal complaint related to an investigation pursuant to this section is filed, the timeframes in this subsection are tolled until completion of the criminal investigation or prosecution, excluding any appeals from such prosecution, whichever occurs later. (k) The failure of the commission to comply with the time limits provided in this subsection constitutes harmless error in any related disciplinary action unless a court finds that the fairness of the proceedings or the correctness of an action may have been impaired by a material error in procedure or a failure to follow prescribed procedure. Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2024. ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows: Delete lines 12 - 74

Page 5 of 8

office; amending s. 112.324, F.S.; specifying that a

and insert:

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certain number of members of the commission are not required to make a specified determination related to written referrals submitted to the commission by specified parties; requiring the commission to submit a copy of a certain referral to an alleged violator within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission to undertake a preliminary investigation within a specified timeframe after receipt of technically and legally sufficient complaints or referrals and make a certain determination; authorizing a complainant to submit an amended complaint within a specified timeframe; providing that the probable cause determination concludes the preliminary investigation; requiring the commission to complete a preliminary investigation, including a probable cause determination, within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission to complete an investigatory report within a specified timeframe; authorizing the commission to extend, for a specified period, the allowable timeframe to adequately complete a preliminary investigation if a specified number of members of the commission determine such extension is necessary; requiring the commission to document the reasons for extending such investigation and transmit a copy of such documentation to the alleged violator and complainant within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission to transmit a copy of the completed report to an alleged violator and to the counsel representing the commission within a specified

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timeframe; requiring such counsel to make a written recommendation for disposition of a complaint or referral within a specified timeframe after receiving the investigatory report; requiring the commission to transmit such recommendation to the alleged violator within a specified timeframe; providing that the alleged violator has a specified timeframe to respond in writing to the counsel's recommendation; requiring the commission, upon receipt of the counsel's recommendation, to schedule a probable cause hearing for the next executive session of the commission for which notice requirements can be met; providing that, under specified conditions, the commission may dismiss complaints or referrals before completion of a preliminary investigation; providing a timeframe within which the commission must transmit a copy of the order finding probable cause to the complainant and the alleged violator after a finding of probable cause; specifying that an alleged violator is entitled to request a formal hearing before the Division of Administrative Hearings or may select an informal hearing with the commission; providing that persons are deemed to waive their rights to a formal or an informal hearing if the request is not received within a specified timeframe; providing the timeframe within which the commission must conduct an informal hearing; requiring the commission to schedule a case that has been relinquished from the Division of Administrative Hearings for additional action at the next commission



meeting for which notice requirements can be met;
requiring the commission to complete final action on
such case within a specified timeframe; requiring a
specified number of commissioners to vote to reject or
deviate from a recommendation made by the counsel
representing the commission; providing that specified
timeframes are tolled until the completion of a
related criminal investigation or prosecution,
excluding appeals, whichever occurs later; providing
that a harmless error standard applies to the
commission regarding specified timeframes; providing
an effective date.